

# Calgary Weekly Herald

AND ALBERTA LIVE STOCK JOURNAL.

Volume VI, Number 13.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1888.

Two Dollars a Year

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### CANADIAN.

#### Fishermen Drowned.

HALIFAX, 23.—Michael McDonald, of Whitehaven and his two sons Malcolm and John, were drowned while fishing off Canso by the boat suddenly sinking.

#### A Montreal Merchant Prince's Death.

MONTREAL, 23.—Samuel Greenshield, of the large dry goods firm of Greenshield, Sons & Co., was found dead in his house yesterday. It is believed he committed suicide by hanging.

#### East Northumberland.

TORONTO, 21.—Polling in East Northumberland takes place today. Both sides are confident of victory. Upper, Thompson and Haggart are in the county assisting the conservative candidates.

#### Northern Pacific L. Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, 21.—The Northern Pacific contemplates the erection of an imposing structure at the corner of Main and Water street. A part will be used as a station and the remainder as a large hotel.

#### Charged With Bigamy.

TORONTO, 21.—Polly Bredin, the woman of the town, who married Fred Barber, the Niagara suicide, was arrested on a charge of bigamy. Her first husband is a night clerk in the Grand Trunk sheds here.

#### Severe Cold at Montreal.

MONTREAL, 22.—Yesterday was the coldest day in this part of Canada for many years, and the thermometer is falling still lower. A blinding storm of snow and sleet is raging. The canals are freezing up and it is thought many vessels with their cargoes will be caught in the ice. Business is at a standstill.

#### Great Conservative Victory.

CAMPBELLFORD, 22.—Yesterday's election in East Northumberland was a great victory for the conservatives. The conservative candidate, Mr. Cochran, was elected by 113 majority over Mallory, the free trader. Commercial Union, unrestricted reciprocity, etc., were the cries on which the liberals went to the polls.

#### Election in Cariboo.

VANCOUVER, 23.—The election for member to represent Cariboo in the House of Commons, was held yesterday. Messrs. McLeese, Rogers and Barnard, all government supporters were candidates. So far as heard from the vote is close. McLeese and Barnard claim 59 majority and Rogers 56.

#### A \$100,000 Fire in Montreal.

MONTREAL, 23.—A fire broke out last evening in a five-story brick building on Vitre street, occupied by Holt & Co., manufacturing jewellers, Schwab & Co., watch case manufacturers, Lewis Davis, silk manufacturer and other small concerns. The men working in the building had a narrow escape for their lives. The loss will be over a \$100,000.

#### Half-breeds and the Fenian Raid.

WINNIPEG, 22.—Archbishop Tache publishes a long open letter to Hon. Gilbert McMicken in this morning's Free Press, replying to charges made by the latter gentleman in a paper read before the historical society that the French half-breeds were not loyal in the Fenian raid of 1871 at Pembina. The Archbishop is very bitter in his remarks.

It is proposed to erect a forty thousand dollar market building in place of the one recently destroyed.

#### Temperance Speakers Catch It.

KINGSTON, 23.—Rev. W. J. Sparling in the third Methodist Church, last night said he was sick and tired of temperance speakers on the platform denouncing the government, when people had the power in their own hands, and could have the government in favor of temperance if they wished.

#### C. P. R. Meeting.

MONTREAL, 24.—The adjourned meeting of the shareholders of the C. P. R. held today to consider the lease of the Detroit extension of the Ontario and Quebec railway, voted unanimously to confirm the lease. The president spoke with great confidence of the general position of the company.

#### Believe the U. P. R. Will Win.

OTTAWA, 24.—The crossing case was concluded today, judgment was reserved. The general opinion here is that the U. P. R. will win.

#### Big Fire at Aylmer.

OTTAWA, 24.—Word has reached the city that a big fire is in progress at Aylmer near here. The mayor has telephoned to Ottawa for an engine. The flames are spreading rapidly.

#### Judge Armstrong Dead.

SOREL, 24.—Chief Justice Armstrong, chairman of the labor commission, fell dead on the street here today from apoplexy.

#### Leaves Half a Million Dollars.

MONTREAL, 24.—It is stated that the late Samuel Greenshield leaves half a million dollars, a large portion of which he bequeaths to charity and gives his wife an annuity of \$10,000 a year.

#### Stabbing at Port Arthur.

PORT ARTHUR, 24.—Samuel McMenery a fisherman from the Bruce Mines, was fatally stabbed in front of the Windsor Hotel by Rantz Jarvis, a Finlander, last night. Jarvis escaped to the woods.

PORT ARTHUR, 25.—Samuel McMenery, who was stabbed on Friday night by Finlander Rantz Jarvis, died last night. The murderer is still at large.

#### Winnipeg News.

WINNIPEG, 23.—The widow of Nelson Rajotte was today awarded five thousand dollars damages for the death of her husband, who was caught in a frog in the Canadian Pacific yard here. The judge charged strongly in favor of the railway but the jury returned in half an hour with a verdict for the widow. An appeal is probable.

E. W. Morphy, formerly barrister of this city, has been appointed British vice consul at St. Paul.

#### In the Supreme Court.

OTTAWA, 23.—The Supreme Court was crowded when the Manitoba case came up today. Christopher Robinson finished for the C. P. R. and was followed by Hon. Oliver Mowat, who made an able and brilliant argument in favor of the province, as to which was the true interpretation of the British North American Act. Mr. Dalton McCarthy followed for the province, and Hon. Edward Blake replied for the C. P. R. and was speaking when the court rose at four o'clock. He will finish his address after about an hour tomorrow, after which the case will be closed. The judges seem to favor the C. P. R. case, judging from their remarks.

#### From the Capital.

OTTAWA, 21.—Intense interest is manifested here in the Manitoba crossing case, which opens before the Supreme Court today.

The Evening Journal says that in prospective legislation will be an act granting full measure of responsible government to the Northwest.

Haney and Ryan Bros. signed the contract for the Soo canal today. The contract price is a million and a quarter.

Parliament is expected to meet the third week in January.

The estimates are being prepared. Retrenchment is the order of the day.

Governor Leslie of Montana, has asked the American Secretary of State to make a requisition upon the Dominion Government for the extradition of Godin, the half-breed in custody at Edmonton and wanted at Helena for murdering a farmer named Embody.

#### A Sad End.

MONTREAL, 26.—Arthur E. A. Reed, well connected in London England, and nephew of Sir Fred Roberts, came here from Calgary, where he has a ranch a few days since and put up at the Windsor, the aristocratic hotel. He went on a heavy spree after arriving, and spent money freely. When Lydia Thompson's opera company began a week's engagement at the Academy of Music on Monday, Reed, who knew several of the girls in the company, began a regular debauch, and removed to the Richelieu Hotel, where the girls were stopping. On Friday night the drinking and fun making were kept up until morning and Reed had to be carried to his room. About eleven o'clock on

Saturday he went out, pawned his watch and jewelry, came back, went to his room and blew his brains out with a colt navy revolver. On his person was found a letter of good advice from his mother in England, another addressed in care of Dr. Winterbottom, St. Georges, Calgary, and a third addressed Banff Springs. His mother has been notified by cable.

#### Many Disasters Feared.

HALIFAX, 26.—A terrible storm of wind and snow is raging along the entire Atlantic coast. Many disasters are feared.

#### Is It Unconstitutional.

OTTAWA, 26.—The impression prevails in official circles that the proposal of certain members of the Northwest Legislative Assembly to submit the liquor question to the vote of the people of the Northwest is unconstitutional. Any movement in the direction of obtaining the sentiment of the people by some form of plebiscite is regarded as forming a dangerous precedent and tending to foreign legislation in an unconstitutional manner.

#### Mounted Police Patrol in Northern Manitoba.

OTTAWA, 23.—The Mounted Police patrol in Northern Manitoba is doing effective work. Two outfits belonging to Dakota farmers, who were caught stealing timber last week, were seized. Mower, one of the invaders, belongs to Vana, Dak.

#### Drowned on Their way to Church.

ORILLIA, 17.—Yesterday while Mr. McPhee and Miss Kate Hook were on their way to church, he skating and drawing her on a sled, they went through the ice into the water and Miss Hook was drowned. McPhee was rescued almost dead.

#### Settling From Ottawa.

OTTAWA, 27.—It is understood that C. S. Rodier and Geo. A. Drummond of Montreal have been appointed to the Senate vice Rolland and Forrier deceased. Mr. Montplaisir, M. P., will replace Senator Fortin.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau, who was seriously ill for a few days, is reported better tonight.

#### Jack The Ripper's Pal.

LONDON, 26.—A private person living near Nottingham has received a letter signed "Jack the Ripper's pal," stating that both the writer of the letter and "Jack" committed the recent murder in the Whitechapel district. The writer says "Jack" is a Bavarian, whom he first met aboard a ship returning from America, and who exercised mesmeric influences.

#### In The Arctic Circle.

WINNIPEG, 27.—Mr. Cowie, a Hudson's Bay officer, who has recently arrived from the McKenzie River, brings tidings of Lord Lansdale, who struck north from the Saskatchewan on a tour of exploration through the northern region. Mr. Cowie said Lord Lansdale made good progress and by this time was probably within the Arctic circle. He has collected many samples of northern birds for a Scottish natural history society of which he is a member. He will return by the Yukon and Alaska.

#### Blake on the Crossing Question.

OTTAWA, 23.—In the railway crossing case Hon. Ed. Blake spoke for three hours. He observed that the question involved is simple in character and was whether any work or undertaking was under the exclusive legislation of the Federal Parliament by this reason whether the Provincial Legislature assuming to authorize it was ultra vires by the legislature and therefore void. He considered that the legislative authority, which otherwise would have belonged to the province, was removed from them by clause 10 of the 92nd section of the British North America Act. The test question to be applied in any case was not whether the work mentioned was one for the general advantage of Canada, but whether the Parliament had declared it to be so. The declaration by the Federal Parliament in such a matter was indisputable. He charged that the clauses of the British North America Act must be treated in the broadest possible way. Sections 306 and 307 of the Railway Act, he concluded took away from the provincial legislatures the right to grant charters for a railway which could cross or connect with certain railways declared by the Dominion Parliament for the general advantage of Canada.

#### Cariboo Elections.

VICTORIA, 27.—Barard, conservative, is elected in Cariboo.

#### Big Guns for the Pacific.

VICTORIA, 27.—The Dominion government have ordered two new forty pounder rifled guns from the Imperial government for use at the Pacific coast.

#### Summoning the Intimidators.

LONDON, 27.—Summoners were served on several Nationalist members yesterday for intimidating farmers.

#### Born on the Rails.

MOORE JAW, 26.—A woman named Mrs. Brunie, passenger from Belgium to Stair, had a child born on train No. 1 between Moose Jaw and Parkburg. Both are reported to be doing well.

#### A New Senator.

MONTREAL, 26.—It is stated that C. S. Rodier of Montreal has been appointed Senator of the division of Mille Isles in place of Senator Rolland.

#### Government Farm Buildings Burned.

GUELPH, 27.—The barns in the Ontario government model farm near here were burnt tonight. The live stock was all saved but all the other contents were destroyed. The loss is thirty thousand dollars, insurance unknown.

#### The Sun Will be Darkened.

WINNIPEG, 27.—A total eclipse of the sun will take place on January 1st. It will be seen by Manitobans with greater clearness than by the people of any other part of the world.

#### Mrs. Gladstone on the Stamp.

LONDON, 27.—Mrs. Gladstone presided at a meeting Saturday afternoon in support of Lord Compton's candidacy for the vacant parliamentary seat for the Holton district Finsbury. Mrs. Gladstone made an address, as did also Mrs. Compton.

#### FOREIGN.

##### John Bright Better.

LONDON, 25.—John Bright is improving.

##### The Land Purchase Bill Passed.

LONDON, 23.—The land purchase bill passed the second reading yesterday by a vote of 299 to 224.

##### To Expel Boulanger.

PARIS, 23.—It is rumored that the government intends to expel Boulanger, also to charge him with a conspiracy to overthrow the existing regime.

##### Increased Land Sales.

LONDON, 22.—The experiences of the Canada Northwest and other land companies, quite confirms the Hudson's Bay Company's report of sales of land in the Northwest as several times greater this year.

##### Lord Sackville's Successor.

LONDON, 21.—The Government is considering the advisability of appointing a successor to Lord Sackville before President Cleveland vacates office. A successor may be appointed in December. Lord Vivian, Minister at Brussels could have the Washington post if he wanted it, but it is believed he does not want it.

##### Satisfactory Sale.

LONDON, 21.—The ranch cattle landed at Glasgow ex Carthagenian, met a satisfactory sale. The stock were in excellent condition showing that with extra care regarding feed, the high color observable and the prejudice against the meat was removed. The sales average about six pence per pound, leaving a small margin of profit.

##### From the World's Capital.

LONDON, 22.—In the Commons on the second reading of the land purchase bill, Labouchere moved rejection. The debate adjourned.

Bright maintains his strength. The Queen, Prince and Princess of Wales send many messages enquiring as to Mr. Bright's condition.

##### The Pacific Cable.

LONDON, 23.—A conference of influential Australians and Canadians was held here today. Sir Donald Smith presided. The question of laying a cable from Vancouver to Australia to touch at Hawaii, Fanning Island, Samoa, Fiji and New Zealand was discussed and approved, and it was voted to urge the Imperial government to support the project.

#### DeLesseps Makes a Threat.

PARIS, 26.—DeLesseps says he will make some startling revelations if the credit Foncier refuses his last demand for a loan.

#### Harrington Fined.

LONDON, 23.—The Farnell commission today fined Edward Harrington \$2,500 for an article in his paper, the Kerry Sentinel, reflecting on the judges in the commission. Justice Hannen in sentencing Harrington said the authority of court must be maintained.

#### British Columbia Mines.

LONDON, 23.—The appeal of the Provincial Government of British Columbia respecting minerals in the Railway Belt will come before the Privy Council very shortly. Mr. Sedgwick, the Deputy Minister of Justice, has arrived to conduct the argument on behalf of the Dominion Government.

#### His Holiness Wants Disarmament.

LONDON, 22.—A report comes from Rome that the Pope is about to issue an encyclical letter, in which he will urge upon the great powers the necessity of disarmament in order to preserve the peace of Europe, and to prevent disastrous consequences to the industries and welfare of several countries by the drain of elaborate and unnecessary war measures. There is no direct confirmation of the report.

#### The Eagle a Scarecrow.

LONDON, 20.—The papers are making great fun of the scheme gravely suggested by the New York Herald, and discussed by other American journals for seizing Nova Scotia and the West Indies. The St. James Gazette last night says the Americans are gluttons for sensation. Not content with the Sackville incident and Presidential election, they now clamor for the sudden capture of Halifax and Bermuda. Surely the American eagle is "scarecrow" just now.

#### Trade with the Mother Country.

LONDON, 19.—The Board of Trade returns show an improved Canadian trade. The exports to Canada during October expanded \$85,540, equal to 25 3/4 per cent. over October, 1887. The ten months show a decrease of 9 1/2 per cent. The expansion covers horses, spirits, manufactures and iron.

Imports from Canada decreased \$91,107, equal to 8 1/4 per cent. for the month and 13 for the 10 months. This is chiefly due to the decrease of \$101,474 in wheat arrivals during the month, arising from the lateness of the Canadian harvest. Flour increased \$21,760, cheese \$27,921; butter decreased \$29,431.

#### The African Slave Trade.

LONDON, 22.—In the House of Lords tonight, Lord Salisbury stated that negotiations still proceeded with France with reference to the blockade of the East African coast. Concessions by France would practically enable the government to stop the slave trade. The objections that M. Goblet has taken were rather to the right of search theory than to its practice under the blockade. M. Goblet's promise to send a warship for the surveillance of vessels flying the French flag ended the difficulty.

#### The Usual War Scare.

LONDON, 20.—The massing of Russian troops on the German and Austrian frontiers is causing an uneasy feeling in diplomatic circles. The strengthening of Russian frontier forces is undoubtedly the result of the Slav agitation now going on in Bosnia, Herzegovina and the Balkan states, and is regarded by Russian authorities as a necessary preparation in view of the insurrectionary feeling prevailing among the people of these small states, especially in Serbia, where King Milan's divorce has so sharply divided the Servians, that an outbreak is possible at any moment. Austria has been quietly reinforcing her garrisons in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and has made preparations to send a force into Serbia in the event of a formidable outbreak there. Russia has notified the dual monarchy that if Austrian troops entered Serbia, Russian troops would immediately occupy Bulgaria, and that this was no idle threat is indicated by two more divisions being added to each of the frontier garrisons. The fact is, leading statesmen now believe that the issue caused by the Russo-Turkish war of 1887 was settled in such a manner as to make it exceedingly difficult to keep the peace.











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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1888.

## RATEN OUT.

If our American contemporaries, who are so anxious (for the sake of Canada of course) to secure free access to the rich ranges of Alberta, imagine that while publishing in their news columns, report after report of once fertile American range districts being eaten out, they can convince the Dominion Government that the capacity of the American ranchers has not destroyed whole regions of grazing country, they are very much mistaken. One has but to glance over the American stock papers now and again to convince himself that the American rancher, through his greed, has been as much harm as benefit to the country. It is true he has raised the beef supply wonderfully, but he has been the gainer. He has made his bar of money, but he has permanently ruined the best pastures in the American Union by doing it, and if the present state of affairs exists, our American cousins will find themselves without any grazing lands worth talking about; for it is now granted that prairie pasture once eaten out is permanently destroyed. The *HERALD* has several times lately published accounts of vast districts being eaten out in the United States, and yet our American contemporaries persist that there has been very little trouble from eaten out ranges. By way of answer, it is only necessary to publish the following from the "Mexican Stock Grower":—

"The once famous Arkansas valley range which was held to be one of the choicest grazing spots in the west, is to-day fit only for the habitation of coyotes, so far as the range cattle raising is concerned. Its once nutritious grasses have disappeared and barrenness covers almost the entire country there. The herd owners have been seeking other pastures, and the removal of cattle from that locality goes on as fast as possible, and to such condition have many of the herds come, that even the full grown hardy steer is scarcely able to walk to more inviting pastures. It is known that if any stock should perchance be left on the range there this winter, they will all be numbered with the things that were when the spring time comes. To such desolation have many of the cattle already come, that, paying no attention to wire fences or other enclosures, they have broken into corn fields in their hunger and are doing a great deal of damage to the farmers' crops. It is anything but an interesting narrative to relate how inexorable are the conditions which, in many parts of the range country, are now surrounding a great industry, and driving it into other channels for safety against almost complete extinction."

In view of the greedy, destructive policy pursued by the American ranchers in connection with their own ranches, it is difficult to understand the apparent anxiety of some few people calling themselves Canadians and pretending to have the interests at Alberta at heart, who would invite the American cattle to work the same destruction over our broad, green acres, as has made howling wildernesses of what were once the finest stretches of pasture in the world. Is it reasonable to suppose that the American rancher would be more careful of the Canadian ranges, than he was of his own?

No industry in Canada is so dependent for its future upon protection, as is the Alberta range industry, and if necessary to build a Chinese wall fifty feet high, to keep the Yankee rancher out, by all means let the Canadian Government build it.

## LORD STANLEY ON CANADA'S POSITION.

Lord Stanley, Canada's new governor general, has made several brilliant speeches in Eastern Canada. The other day the St. Jean Baptiste Society of Ottawa presented His Excellency with an address and he replied in a speech which is worthy of publication in every paper in the Dominion. His Lordship remarked:—

"Gentlemen, you are right; because the loyalty to the throne of which you have spoken so eloquently is the best guarantee of the preservation of the free institutions which you enjoy and of which you have made such good use in past time. Your loyalty, as you say, has been subjected to many trials, and you have overcome those temptations of which you spoke just now in a manner which you can recall to-day with just pride. In this, the nineteenth century, the same temptations do not fail to present themselves, although under a changed aspect. For instance, people talk of annexation and various other cries known to the political world. The monarchical constitution gives us complete autonomy without obliging us every few years to subject to those violent oscillations of politics like those which just now have disturbed the business of our neighbors in the United States; and

under the external form of republic it would be impossible to find a more complete expression of the sentiments and of the wishes of citizens than you find to-day with us. Do not, therefore, gentlemen, listen to those who would endeavor to disturb you. We know very well the object of such intrigues. Let us remain tranquil. Do not let it be said that the Dominion of Canada mistrusts itself. Without doubt, the Confederation, like other States, will have her difficulties, but she will come well out of them, strong in the wisdom and energy of her sons, preserving always what is best in the traditions of our two great nations. Pressing forward always in all concerning liberty and civilization, she will surmount her difficulties, and she will overcome her obstacles. And now, gentlemen, may I venture, without offence, to say to you, as I have said to many of my compatriots, in begging you to take care to look at our affairs from a sufficiently large point of view. Although we may recall with pleasure and with pride our past, although we ought always to keep alive the traditions of our ancestors, let us also look forward to the future of the country. You have referred to me in your address as a friend to the French, and that is true. Here I speak neither to the French or the English; I speak to Canadians, and I trust that the great Dominion will always be at peace at home and in friendly alliance with other nations."

## THE COAL SUPPLY.

It is just about time that the people of Calgary were interesting themselves in the matter of securing their coal supply on more reasonable terms. Calgary is literally surrounded with coal, mines and rich deposits are with every show of reason said to be immediately under the feet of the town. Rich seams of fine coal crop to the surface all over the country, and all the farmers in many of the outlying districts have to do to provide themselves with a winter supply of prime fuel, is to arm themselves with picks, drive a few hundred yards to points where the seams of coal crop to the surface, load their wagons and drive home. While the people of the surrounding country, thus taking advantage of nature's bounty, are able to supply themselves with fuel for absolutely nothing, the citizens of Calgary are paying more for their coal than is paid by the citizens of Toronto, who are hundreds of miles from a coal bed. Contemplating the unsatisfactory features of the local coal trade, one is at once led to the conclusion that that the people of Calgary have only themselves to blame. Seeing that they have nothing the way of cheaper coal to expect from the companies at present operating why do they not set to work to organize a company to operate one of the mines in the near vicinity of the town. At Fish Creek for instance, there is a mine, only twelve miles from Calgary, which those who should know say promises to be one of the best mines on the continent. Would it not be a good plan for some of our citizens to organize a local company for the purpose of ascertaining through expert prospectors what amount of coal wealth there really is in this and other mines in the neighborhood? It seems positively absurd that the people of Calgary should quietly continue to pay exorbitant prices for the coal they consume, while the people of Manitoba and the American Northwest, who have no coal within hundreds and hundreds of miles are agitating for a reduction in coal prices which are more favorable than those we, who have unlimited supplies of coal at our very doors, ever enjoyed.

The Montreal Journal of Commerce of a recent date published the following:— "The rapid increase in the consumption of bituminous coal throughout the Northwest has resulted in a recent investigation by the St. Paul Chamber of Commerce, with a view of ascertaining whether, and to what extent, consumers there and in the Northwest generally, are paying excessive prices. The result of the investigation is that the cost of anthracite at Buffalo is \$3 per ton, made up of \$1.75 per ton at mines, and \$1.25 freight from mines to Buffalo, 370 miles; that the cost at St. Paul is \$2.75, and something lower at Duluth; and that at \$7.00 the mine-owners and transporters could realize abundant margins. The object, the point of this enquiry is to ascertain the possibility of obtaining Canadian anthracite 60 miles west of Winnipeg, and 250 or 300 miles beyond Benton. This coal is alleged to be as good as the best Pennsylvania anthracite, but the long distance from St. Paul makes it doubtful whether it could be delivered in competition with the Pennsylvania product. Over 2,000,000 tons of anthracite have been marketed this season in the Northwest, and the trade is yearly assuming larger proportions."

This quotation is doubly interesting as showing us how foolish we are to go on patiently paying ridiculously high rates for coal, which people who are 900 miles from their coal supply object to pay, and as showing further that there is a splendid market open to Alberta coal if a really enterprising company will but enter the field and put out coal at reasonable rates.

## CANADIAN CATTLE IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Ranchmen will do well to take a hint from the reports of the British auctioneers and organizers in such a way as will prevent prices in England being lowered by exporting to an extent that glut English markets and brings down prices. One salesman on the 30th October says: "The glut of the Canadian ranch cattle being over we anticipate better markets." A Glasgow Factor says on the same date: "There was in attendance at the market a number of north country farmers in quest of Canadian cattle purposes." And again, "This week's shipments from Canada were mostly of a middling description and were landed in bad order." Prices realized were for best class of English bullocks up to £23, 15s or almost \$115. Canadian bullocks from £11 to £10 or about \$55 to 19 each.

## THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

The success with which Captain Wiggins has been able to navigate the Kara sea and the rivers therefrom into central Siberia, and the fact that experts are of the opinion the U. S. A. will soon be unable to handle the grain produce of Manitoba and the Northwest, coupled with the action of the U. S. A. government in regard to retaliation, has turned the thoughts of the old country to the Hudson Bay route and the Hudson Bay railway. In the recent number of the proceedings of the Royal Geographical Society, there is given a report of a paper on this route read by commander Markham and also of the discussion thereon. From this we gather the opinion of all the leading geographers and travellers who have been over the route, is that the route is feasible and advisable. It seems that since 1735 there has been only one season that the Hudson Bay has not been successfully navigated and the loss has been less than in the ordinary ocean waters. Over 500 passages have been made and the losses have been less than one per cent. This route is 1,100 miles shorter to Winnipeg than via New York and in the opinion of experts, especially of those who have personally examined it and been over it, can be as easily and as successfully worked as any of those now in use. To quote the words of commander Markham, "a channel which has been navigated first by the frail fly boats of the seventeenth century, then by the bluff bowed, slim, sailing exploring vessels of Perry's day and for a long time by the Hudson Bay Co.'s ships, cannot be very formidable. If sailing vessels can pass through it, surely steamers will find less difficulty. Further, to quote the words of another, commenting on the commander's paper, "this is the true Northwest passage. It has been proved that it can be done and England will do it. The distance between England and the grain producing provinces of Manitoba and the Northwest will thereby be shortened nearly one half, the cost of conveyance of grain will be lessened at least five shillings a quarter, and besides it will cause an immense development in all of the trade of Manitoba." Instead of blindly fighting the C. P. R. and the federal government as the Manitobans at present are doing in order to get access to the over crowded markets south of the border, if they were wise they would move heaven and earth to get the Hudson Bay route opened up at the earliest possible time. By this means the shortest and cheapest route would be obtained to the only market in the world where all—aye more than all—their produce can find ready, willing and paying purchasers. And when, what is quite as much to the point, every cent of the money required to build both the railway and the ships can be had at the cheapest possible rate—certainly at one half the rate it can be had from across the border. Further, the shortening of the distance will cause at least a saving of two days in the journey from England to Winnipeg and at a reduction of five shillings a quarter in freight, will on the export of 16,000,000 bushels of grain alone, cause an annual saving of not less than two and a half millions of dollars.

PHONO.

## ALL SORTS OF THINGS.

A Winnipeg paper says the Dominion Government and the C.P.R. are plotting and, perhaps, paying for the persecution of the Manitoba Ministers. The men who think the Government responsible for the early frost are silent in the face of this last charge.—Toronto News.

Canada is a big country and has sorts of weather any day. Wednesday for instance, while Calgarians were enjoying a glorious day of sunshine, and strolling about in light suits and with out gloves, the people of Montreal were struggling with a blizzard and shivering within their fur wraps.

## THE ASSEMBLY.

REINA, Monday 19.—Mr. Speaker took his seat at the usual hour.

Mr. Haultain, from the Civil Justice Committee, reported chapter I without amendment, and the Assembly went into committee of the whole, Mr. Haultain in the chair.

Chapter I, the Interpretation Ordinance, was read clause by clause, and on the clause defining the term "Lieut. Governor," as "the Lieut. Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Advisory Council," a long discussion took place. Before these remarks were made on the question of changing the name "Ordinances" to "Statutes," Mr. Cayley having moved for an opinion from the legal experts as to the legality of the alteration. The Assembly expressed itself unanimously for the change.

## THE LIQUOR QUESTION.

The debate which took Saturday place on this question was the longest and most able of the session. Mr. Turfiff's resolution, seconded by Mr. Oliver was:

"That in the opinion of this Assembly it is advisable to take a vote of the people to ascertain if a prohibitory or license law is desired in the Territories."

He said the Territories looked to this Assembly to take action, and as far as he knew, both parties wished for a vote.

Mr. Haultain, in a very able speech, totally opposed the principle of the resolution and argued that the question ought to have been brought directly before the constituents. He moved the following amendment, which was seconded by Mr. Betts:

"That all the words after 'that' be left out and the following inserted instead thereof: 'Whereas in the opinion of this Assembly the present liquor law in force in the Territories is unsatisfactory and ineffective and

"Whereas although this Assembly favors the introduction of a high license law in preference to any prohibitory system, yet it is expedient that the whole question should be submitted to a vote of the people of the several judicial districts.

1. "Resolved that in the opinion of this Assembly provision should be made by the Dominion authorities at the approaching session of parliament for submitting the question of prohibition or license to a vote of the people to be taken in the several judicial districts;

2. "Subject to the result of such vote power to deal with the liquor question similar to that enjoyed by provinces under the B. N. A. Act, should be given to the Legislative Assembly in the N. W. T."

Mr. Oliver in the course of able speech, spoke from a strong temperance point of view, and with great force of argument. Mr. Betts said he had never heard the arguments so ably put as by the two previous speakers; he spoke in favor of a license law, which he believed was the only true temperance principle.

Mr. Richardson supported the original motion, and replied to the accusation of Mr. Haultain that the members had shirked the question.

Mr. Davidson was in favor of the motion. The people of Assiniboia wanted a vote and whatever the result was, would respect it.

Mr. Sutherland favored a vote by provisional districts and said it was impossible to buy a glass of whiskey in Fort Qu'Appelle.

Mr. Ross spoke in favor of a vote of the people and in reply to Mr. Haultain did not think it necessary to run his head against a snag by advocating either license or prohibition.

The debate was then adjourned.

Dr. Brett brought up the question of memorializing the Dominion Government as to the alleged depredations by Indians at Morley, but the sense of the Assembly was that no representations should be made because the Indian stories had no foundation.

## EVENING SESSION.

In the evening a number of spectators were present, among them several ladies. After some minor business the debate was resumed.

Mr. Haultain withdrew his amendment and Messrs. Cayley and Tweed moved that the following words to the original motion:

"That in the event of such a vote not being taken, it is the opinion of this Assembly that a stringent license system be introduced into the N. W. T."

In the course of an able speech in moving this amendment, Mr. Cayley argued strongly for license. He came he said from a thorough license district and his colleague Mr. Lineham was like himself a thorough license man. He gave startling figures showing the extent of the whiskey trade in Calgary and charged members with making a compromise with the license and anti-license men in their constituencies. He thought there was little probability of a vote being taken. This Assembly could not spare the funds and they could be certain the Dominion government were not going to take a vote.

Mr. Secord in the course of his speech, expressed himself as a believer in license and that a vote of the people must be

taken. He quite believed in the constitutionality of such a vote and cited the Scott Act as a precedent.

Mr. Thorburn made a speech supporting the motion and prohibition and replying to Mr. Haultain's speech.

Mr. Hoey strongly opposed the permit system and believed the Dominion Government should take a vote.

Mr. Tweed, in seconding Mr. Cayley's amendment, attacked the original motion and he spoke strongly for a license system, which he said the whole western country desired.

Mr. Reaman was satisfied with the present law, but if a change was to be made a vote should be taken.

Dr. Brett said he would not vote for license, because of the diversity of opinions on the question among his constituents. His constituents desired a vote of the people. For himself he was strongly in favor of a vote being taken at our own expense, and then if necessary, asking the Ottawa government for indemnity.

Mr. Jelly was for the original motion and favored a speedy vote.

Mr. Clinkskill replied to Mr. Haultain and thought the amendment was a veiled attempt to get them to vote for license.

After Messrs. Turfiff and Oliver had replied, the question was put.

The amendment was lost by 14 to 6.

The motion was carried by a similar vote.

At one adjourned shortly before ten o'clock.

REINA, Nov. 21.—After taking the chair, the speaker laid on the table the annual reports on Public Works and the Public Accounts.

Mr. Betts presented a petition from Prince Albert asking for the improvement of the trail leading to Green Lake. Referred to the Advisory Board.

Mr. Oliver presented a petition from Edmonton regarding the Prairie Fire Ordinance, which was referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Mr. Turfiff from the Agricultural Committee submitted a report on the question of the dues on

## DRY WOOD AND HAY.

The committee advised that no recommendation be made on the question of the hay dues, but that the Dominion Government be memorialized to repeal the dues on wood cut for fuel and rails.

Mr. Clinkskill, who had introduced the question, objected to this report on the ground that the dues of \$1 per ton on hay cut for sale were a considerable hardship to farmers in his district. He moved the subject back to the committee with instructions to report as he desired. After some discussion this was defeated, only two members voting for the motion.

Another report submitted by Mr. Turfiff and one which raised a storm of discussion and not a little amusement, was one on the gopher question. The committee recommended that all persons troubled by gophers should use strychnine placed on pieces of raw potato or mixed with dough or soft bread, which should be dropped into the holes in small quantities in the spring of the year, and that copies of this report be distributed throughout the country. (Laughter.)

Mr. Justice McLeod asked if the committee had investigated other method of destroying the gopher, such as by inoculation, or by the introduction of weasels. For his part he had found cats a sure method of suppressing the nuisance. (A member—"Rats.")

Mr. Richardson, who had made a study of gophers, mentioned the fact that they

## WERE CANNIBALS,

which made the poison remedy very effective.

Finally the report was referred to the Agricultural Committee, for further consideration.

Mr. Justice Richardson presented the report of the special committee on rules, a draft of which was printed ready for distribution, and moved that the House go into committee to consideration.

## THE RULES.

consisting of seventy-two clauses, were then discussed in committee of the whole. A few changes are introduced into the old rules and those of the Ottawa Parliament are followed as closely as possible. Shortly after five o'clock the rules were passed and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Davidson moved, seconded by Mr. Oliver, that no new business be introduced after Tuesday next. Carried.

Mr. Mitchell moved and Mr. Sutherland seconded that Messrs. Ross, Oliver, Clinkskill, Betts, Hoey, and the mover and seconder, be a committee to consider several questions relating to the Half-breeds of the Territories. Carried.

Messrs. Thorburn and Richardson moved that it is advisable that a bill be framed giving power to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to expropriate lands for public purposes, and that a special committee be formed to frame such bill, consisting of Messrs. Cayley, Tweed, Turfiff, Secord and mover. Carried.

The committee of the whole on the poisons bill was compelled to adjourn on account of their being no quorum. House adjourned.

## WEDNESDAY EVENING.

The ordinance of T. C. West was passed in committee of the whole, Mr. Cayley in the chair.

The House went into committee of the whole on the poisons ordinance, Mr. Jelly in the chair. Nearly the whole evening



was passed in the discussion of the ordinance and finally a number of clauses which had been drafted by Dr. Brett were adopted and the bill passed. The substance of Dr. Brett's amendments is: That no poison can be placed out in any place without a J. P.'s license, and then only outside of a limit two miles from a dwelling house or one mile from a public trail, except upon his own premises; the license to be valid for six months, and limit the area in which the poison is to be placed. A clause was also added at Mr. Mitchell's instance, providing that the poison must be mixed with grease and placed in holes in wood or some vessel.

**THE HAWKIN'S AND PEDLAR'S BILL** was then considered. The word *hawker* was defined in the bill so as to include any person selling goods from sample or otherwise and not having a regular place of business in the Territories.

During the consideration of the bill ordinance, Mr. Betts moved a new clause to the effect that nothing in the ordinance shall apply to incorporated towns.

Mr. Cayley spoke in favor of this and contended that as municipalities had control over other licenses they should be given the billiard table licenses. He said incorporated towns paid a disproportionate contribution to the Territorial funds and received no more in return than did country districts.

Mr. Cayley pointed out another matter:—That by far the greater part of the four per cent beer licenses was

PAID BY MUNICIPALITIES.

Mr. Sutherland said it was the people from outside who paid for the beer.

On a division the amendment was lost by a vote of eleven against seven.

The bill ordinance was amended by extending the date when a man may detain cattle from October 15th to October 31st.

House adjourned at 22:15.

**REGINA, Saturday, 24.—Mr. Speaker** took the chair at 14:30.

The report of the Board of Education was laid on the table.

Mr. Davidson proceeded to read a petition for a grant of \$750 for opening a public highway, when Mr. Speaker called his attention to the fact that under rule 52, no petition asking for the expenditure of money can be presented to the House.

Mr. Haultain, from the Civil Justice committee reported the ordinance enabling E. H. Scott to register under the Medical Ordinance. This bill was passed in committee of the whole.

Mr. Richardson gave notice of a motion with regard to the reduction of price of pre-emptions and of the charges for re-entering on cancelled land.

Mr. Second gave notice of a question relating to the introduction of the ballot in election of members.

Mr. Thorburn, from the special committee, reported that an address be presented to his Honor asking for a commission to prepare an ordinance on the expropriation of lands and other subjects before next session.

On Motion of Messrs. Cayley and Tweed, Dr. Brett was excused from attendance.

Committee of the whole on Half-Breed claims for rebellion losses, Mr. Clinkskill as chairman, the following resolution was adopted and referred to the memorial committee.

"Whereas it has been represented to this Assembly by some of the members from their seats;

That among the Half-Breeds resident in the electoral districts bordering on the Saskatchewan river who preferred claims for losses during the rebellion of '85 before the commission, and whose claims have been rejected, some, who were known to be loyal, had their claims rejected, while others well known to have been directly implicated in the uprising have had their claims allowed.

That such arbitrary discrimination has given rise to a wide-spread feeling among the Half-Breeds referred to, that those who stood loyal have not received the justice intended by the government at the commission.

Be it resolved that a humble address be presented to His Honor, praying he will be pleased to communicate the allegations made in the preamble of this resolution, for the consideration of the Governor-General and to have such steps taken as will cause reconsideration of the whole subject with a view to the allowance to those able to prove themselves to have been loyal to such amounts as may be found equal to their losses.

"And the Assembly is of opinion that the appointment of a Judge of the Supreme Court of the N. W. T. as Commissioner to deal with the matter suggested would be satisfactory to the people of the Territories.

**SCHOOLS.**

In committee of the whole, after the passing of the Municipal Ordinance, the School Ordinance was taken up, Mr. Tweed in the chair. This occupied the whole afternoon. Several amendments

were made, among them the repealing of sec. 91, which enacted that no grant to a school shall exceed the salary of the teacher. Sec. 93 was repealed. A motion by Mr. Betts to tax churches for educational purposes was defeated.

It was then proposed to tax the ground a church is built on, which was met with a strong opposition from Mr. Justice Rouleau and others, and was not adopted. Each church is now allowed to have half an acre of ground exempted and also a burial ground.

The grants to schools were revised, the changes in effect being as follows:

In schools of six pupils or over, 75 per cent of the salary of a teacher who holds a first class certificate; 70 per cent for a second, and 65 per cent for a third class or provisional certificate; where school is kept open only during summer, additional grants for attendance as follows:—75 per cent of pupils on roll \$40, 70 per cent \$35, 65 per cent \$30, and so on as far as 50 per cent; grants for additional teachers, where average attendance exceeds thirty, the same as for head teachers and for every other assistant teacher the same, provided the average attendance for each teacher be twenty.

On clause 180, regarding union on high schools, a long discussion took place. A motion by Mr. Richardson to reduce the grant from \$350 to \$250 was lost by a large majority. It was supported by Messrs. Turiff and Oliver.

At 17:30 the committee rose and reported progress, and the House adjourned.

**FRIDAY 23.—The speaker** took the chair at fourteen thirty. The clerk read the journals of the House which were approved.

Mr. Davidson presented a petition from George P. Murray and 45 others, praying that the trail running from Fort Qu'Appelle and the mission to the Canadian Pacific Railway be straightened, and indicating the best way to do the same. He also presented another petition to the same effect. He moved that the petition be received and referred to the advisory board. Carried.

Mr. Turiff moved for an address to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, praying for a detailed statement showing the cost of the late election, the number of votes polled, the number of polling places and the names of the deputy returning officers. Carried.

Mr. Turiff: I may say that I would prefer the honorable member for Calgary would not refer to me as the honorable member for Moose Mountain. I have the honor to represent the district of Souris.

Mr. Cayley: Then I have to congratulate the district of Souris, (laughter.) On motion of Mr. Cayley, the absence of Dr. Brett from the House was excused.

Mr. Justice Richardson asked that the absence of Mr. Justice Macleod be excused. Granted.

Mr. Reaman, seconded by Mr. Neff, moved that the term for the payment of pre-emptions be extended for five years without interest but such extension to apply only to bona fide residents.

Mr. Hoey moved that the resolution be laid on the table and referred to the memorial committee.

Mr. Reaman incorporated in his motion that it be referred to the memorial committee. Carried.

Mr. Turiff moved that a committee consisting of Messrs. Neff, Ross, Oliver, Reaman and himself be appointed to submit means of taking a vote on the question of prohibition or license in accordance with the resolution of the 20th inst. Carried.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Clinkskill in the chair, on resolutions respecting claims of certain Half-breeds for compensation rebellion losses, and after some discussion rose and asked leave to sit again.

Mr. Ross introduced a bill to enable E. H. Scott to practice medicine in the Territories. Carried. Bill was read a second time and referred to civil justice committee.

House then went into committee on municipal ordinance and adopted amendments to the effect that municipalities cannot borrow more than five per cent of their assessed value, and in case of sale of land for taxes that the sale be conducted by the treasurer instead of the sheriff. Committee rose at 17:15, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

At the evening session the House was occupied nearly three hours in considering the school ordinance, Mr. Tweed in the chair. The committee proceeded as far as section 20. Section 5 was amended by making the board meet on the second Tuesday in January and July, and some other minor amendments were made. The committee rose at 21 o'clock and the House adjourned.

## TERRITORIAL.

**Not Drowned.**

**WINNIPEG, 22.—D.L. McLean**, of Moose Jaw, reported drowned at Puge Sound turned up in this city today.

**Agricultural Societies.**

**OTTAWA, 22.—Twenty-six Northwest agricultural societies** will participate in grants from the Dominion Government.

**Regina & Long Lake Railway.**

**WINNIPEG 22.—The Canadian Pacific** intends utilizing the Regina & Long Lake railroad and will very shortly run trains over that branch.

**Our Midnapore Letter.**

**MIDNAPORE, 21.—Mrs. C. H. Robinson** met with an accident last Friday morning. Returning from a visit to Mrs. McArthur and whilst in the act of mounting, her horse moved on and she fell on her back, spraining herself seriously. She is now better, and after a few days rest will probably be all right again.

The following extract from the Surrey "Mirror" of the 20th ult., may interest the friends of the Rev. E. P. Smith, whose departure from Calgary was regretted by so many. He is doing good work at Horley, England, where he is Curate in charge of the parish church:—

"The annual Thanksgiving services were held in the parish church last Sunday, when both morning and evening large congregations were present. The old church was very tastefully decorated with a pleasing and varied assortment of plants, but the supply of vegetables, fruit and flowers—particularly the last—were, probably owing to the lateness and unfavorable character of the season, conspicuously absent. The chancel and choir presented a pretty sight, two sheaves of cereals on either side of the communion table forming appropriate and expressive ornaments of thanksgiving. All the windows in the sacred edifice exhibited painstaking attention, and were well supplied with various testimonies that 'all good gifts around us are sent from heaven above.' On the pulpit hung a delicious small cluster of fruit, flanked by two beautiful bunches of black grapes, and the font at the west end of the church was exquisitely decorated by Mrs. Elmslie. Amongst others who assisted in the decorating were Mrs. E. P. Smith, Mrs. Farwell, the Misses Hall, the Misses Stevens, Mrs. Joyce, Miss K. Blundell and others, the contributions of plants, etc., being generally supplied by the gentry and others attending the church. At the morning service the opening hymn was the well known 'Come, ye thankful people, come,' followed subsequently by 'We plough the fields and scatter,' which formed the processional hymn at the evening service, and were heartily sung by the congregation and choir. The curate in charge, the Rev. E. P. Smith, officiated both morning and evening. In the morning he announced that the offertories would be devoted, as on the last occasion, to the Sunday School, and what may be called the general parochial fund, out of which were paid the various expenses incurred in connection with their institutions, such as the Mission Room, Mothers' Meetings, etc. Taking his text from St. Mark iv., the 26th and the following verses, he ably described and dwelt upon the parable of the sower. The evening service was of a particularly bright and cheerful character, the church being very crowded, and by the aid of the great improvement in the lighting by gas presented an unusually good and improved appearance. A variation was made by the singing of processional and recessional hymns. The rev. gentleman again preached an excellent sermon from the words, 'Behold a sower went forth to sow,' and 'Whoever a man soweth that shall he reap,' which was listened to with much attention.

**The Lethbridge Road.**

**OTTAWA, 24.—E. T. Galt**, of the Northwest Coal & Navigation Co., arrived today from England. He succeeded in raising capital to transform the narrow gauge road from Dunmore to Lethbridge into a broad gauge. He also arranged to extend the line to Fort Benton, where it will connect with the Northern Pacific. Work will begin immediately.

**A Great Boon.**

**OTTAWA 26.—Mr. Dowdney**, ever mindful of the interests of the Northwest, has given the Torrens act considerable attention since his arrival in Ottawa. As a result, an order-in-council was passed on Saturday revising and reducing the tariff of fees under the act. The new arrangements, which will prove a boon to settlers, comes into operation on January 1st.

## THE MINE.

**Six Feet of Almost Solid Galena.**  
Last July a discovery that promises well was made on Toby creek. The ledge is a well-defined one with slate and granite walls. It is 24 feet from wall to wall, carrying mineral the entire width. The pay streak is fully 6 feet wide of almost solid mineral. The ore is a cube galena, carrying silver and a little gold. An assay made at Ottawa gave a return of \$66 in silver to the ton, and one made by McVicker of Salt Lake, Utah, gave \$72 in silver and \$1 in gold to the ton, besides going 78 per cent in lead. The ledge has the usual trend, northeast to southwest, and has been traced a distance of over a mile, 5 1500-foot locations having been made on it. The ledge crosses Toby creek, the discovery work being but a few yards from the bed of that stream. The district is about 20 miles up the creek, and a trail can be cut in at no great expense, as the country is not a rough one. There is close by an abundance of timber for mining purposes. William Rosamond, William Kirkpatrick and George Stark, all of Golden, are the locators and the owners of

the claims. Toby creek empties into the Columbia from the west at a point about 100 up the river from Donald.—Donald Truth.

## THE RANCH.

The first shipment of Northwest cattle to this market was offered for sale here on Nov. 6th. There were about 100 head. They looked tired, and were somewhat bruised and were generally out of condition after their long voyage. They were all from the New Oxley ranch near Calgary. They were in charge of Mr. Wm. Stewart, one of the employees of the ranch company, and were consigned to Rogers & Halligan. Mr. W. Levaack, the wholesale butcher, bought the pick of them. They weighed about 1,200 pounds per head. They were a mixed lot; most of them were natives, and there were a few Tennessees among them. Mr. E. Verral killed a couple of steers and they turned out remarkably well.—Toronto Empire.

**Uncle Sam's Beef.**

Of the 45,000,000 or more of cattle in the United States, Texas is estimated to have 4,724,053, the value of which reaches the sum of \$66,518,860. There are more cattle in Texas than in any other state, but in values New York, Illinois and Iowa lead.

**Alberta Cattle in England.**

Among the animals handled last week at Liverpool and Glasgow were a number of ranch cattle, chiefly owned by the Lester Kaye syndicate. As regards quality and prices realized, they average, off and on, pretty much the same as those ex Canada, although having been landed in better shape, they ought to have made a little more. If our information is to be relied upon, sales were made on a basis of 5d. per lb., and in some cases 4 3/4d., which, compared with values current on our market, indicates a fractional improvement on previous transactions. At Liverpool, a portion of the Lake Winnipeg consignments were put on the market about nine o'clock, but the Siberian cargo was not all discharged till Tuesday morning. On the latter steamer are nearly 400 west-ru cattle, fully one half of which are direct from Sir John Lester Kaye's Alberta estate, the remainder having been bought on speculation by a well known Montreal exporter. The excellent passage made by the Allan liner enabled the cattle to be discharged in very good order, and after a day or two's rest they will be in first-class condition. We understand that in view of securing the better prices expected next week, the whole of the Siberian stock will be kept alive in the lairs as long as possible. Judging from a casual inspection made on Tuesday, a Liverpool correspondent says that these cattle have been well selected, are in good shape, and look, all over, at least £2 10s. a head better than the previous shipments. We hope to have fuller particulars of this shipment next week.—Canadian Gazette 25th.

**Cattle Ranches of Canada.**

The Canadian correspondent of the Liverpool Morning Post, writes as follows:—"The Northwest Territories of Canada lie west and northwest of the province of Manitoba. They comprise Assiniboia and Alberta on the south, and Saskatchewan and Athabasca on the north. Their collective area, 481,000 square miles, is three and a half times the area of the British Isles; in other words, it is greater than the combined area of France and the German Empire. Of these territories Alberta has more than any other attracted English capital, and become the scene of English enterprise for it is here that the ranching industry has reached its highest development. Its area, 95,000 square miles, is three fourths of that of the British Isles, and it is advantageously situated amongst the fertile foot hills of the Rocky Mountains. At the present time there probably are in Alberta 113,000 head of cattle, 40,000 sheep and 20,000 head of horses. In the cattle are included about 12,000 head held by small farmers, who are not ranchers in the true sense of the word. An enumeration of the leading ranches will give some idea of the present position of the live-stock industry in the Territory. The Waldron Ranch company occupy land between the north fork of Old Man's river, Willow creek and the Porcupine hills; they have 11,000 head of cattle and 600 horses. The Cochrane Ranch company's range on the upper Belly river, Fort Macleod, carries 10,000 cattle and 400 horses. The Northwest Cattle Company range the land from Sheep creek to Willow creek, and from the mountains to the mouth Mosquito creek and due north to Big Bow river, 7,500 head of cattle and 600 horses. The New Oxley (Canada) Ranch company, at Porcupine hills and Willow creek, have 8,000 cattle and about 400 horses; the Powder River Cattle (sold to Sir Lester Kaye), on Mosquito creek and Little Bow river, 7,500 cattle and 200 horses; the Stewart Ranch company, Pincher creek, 4,000 cattle and 500 horses; Messrs. Samson & Harford, High river, 3,500 cattle and 150 horses; the Quorn Ranch company, Sheep creek and High river, 2,500 cattle and 1,000 horses; the Victor ranch, (McDermid & Ross), Willow and Trout creeks, in the Porcupine hills, 2,500 cattle and 500 horses; the Winder

Ranch company at Willow and Trout creeks, 2,500 cattle and 500 horses; the Military Colonization Ranch, Bow river, 2,500 cattle and 500 horses; Messrs. I. G. Baker & Co., range between the Belly river and the Little Bow, 2,000 cattle. The export of live cattle from the Alberta ranches to British ports, an industry that only commenced last year, will probably grow into a large and profitable trade. Alberta possesses an advantage over the Argentine Confederation in that she can place her cattle alive upon the English markets, whereas the Argentine breeders can only send dead meat to Britain. An experienced rancher tells me that it costs a trifle over £6 per head to send three-year-old steers from Calgary to Liverpool, via Montreal, and that the journey occupies one month. Arrangements have already been made for the shipment of over 4,000 head of cattle from Alberta this season, including 1,800 head from the Powder River Cattle company, 1,100 head from the Oxley ranch, 400 from the Northwest Cattle company, 255 from the Stewart Ranch, 250 from the Cochrane Ranch, and 250 from Samson & Harford. The general average of prices realized varies from \$50 to \$55 per head at Calgary."

**Something for Breeders.**

A writer on the subject of inbreeding says that the more deeply an animal is inbred to the strain desired the better it is for breeding purposes—provided, always, that a weakness is preserved. Strongly inbred blood overpowers that which is less intensified, and stamps itself upon the produce. An inbred horse impresses his likeness upon his get in marked uniformity. Potency is the great test of the value of a sire, and with no other system of breeding can it be secured. Every improved domestic animal known is the result of inbreeding, and any breed which may become inbred in the future will own its merits to the same system being followed.—N. W. Live Stock Journal.

Enquiries as to brands, etc., are being daily made at this office, a good proof of the necessity existing for a grand registry office here.

Reports from the ranges are satisfactory. Cattle and horses are holding their flesh well.

The stockmen are anxious to have detectives attached to the Mounted Police Force to assist in preventing cattle stealing. It is suggested that there should be such an official to inspect all cattle shipped from Calgary, if for nothing else.

## THE BOAT RACE.

**How the Sculling Championship of America Was Brought Back to Canada.**

The following is the description of the O'Connor Teemer race published in the Vancouver "News Advertiser":—"O'Connor's blades flew through the water first, and five strokes showed him half a length ahead of Teemer. O'Connor made 34 strokes in the first minute, Teemer 36. Away they skimmed, the Canadian gained every moment. At the end of the first half, O'Connor was leading by three lengths and occasionally looked behind him, an act which convinced his backers that he was winning. Both men were out of their course at the mile post, at which place they steered toward the Virginia shore directly for the turning buoys. O'Connor made the greater loss by bad steering and Teemer reduced his lead. O'Connor turned at 4:33; Teemer turned five seconds later. Teemer began to spurt, but in spite of this the Canadian continued to gain. The currents were making the return a slow one and the winner was now in sight of the goal and the crowd on the river bank began to cheer and the tug boat whistles to scream and blow. O'Connor crossed the line amid a perfect pandemonium at 4:44; time 2:29. Teemer struggled six lengths behind and did not finish for 10 seconds after. The winner, O'Connor, rowed up to the referee's boat. 'Is it all right, Mr. Elder?' he said. 'All right,' said the referee, 'you have won the race O'Connor.' Victor oarsman, Lee and Hamm, who acted as judges at turn, now joined the racers and the four flew homewards. The victor paddled to his boathouse and was dragged from the shell by his friends, who almost pulled his arms off in their enthusiasm. It was a great race, but a hopeless one for Teemer from the beginning. At least \$50,000 changed hands in this city on the result.

**India's Defence.**

**LONDON 22.—The Viceroy of India** informed a durbar at Patala that the British Government would not avail itself of the offers of money from the Indian princes for the defence of the country, but would ask them to form strong native forces fit for service with the Imperial troops. The government would provide English officers and furnish breech loaders and a battery of four guns for each Punjab chief.



## OVER THE BORDER.

Amazed at this extraordinary behavior I led my parents to my grandmother, and then we presently learned the truth. My father, if you please, was ruined. He was a bankrupt, his schemes of greatness had come to nothing, his vast fortune lay in his imagination only. He had lost his wife a money and his own. He had returned to his native county, his old friends having clubbed together and made a little purse for him, and his creditors having consented to accept what they could get, and to give him a quittance in full, because he was known to be a man of integrity otherwise he might have been lodged in jail, where many an unfortunate, yet honest, man lieth in misery.

The disaster was more than my father's brain could bear. First, as soon as he fairly understood what had happened, he fell into a lethargy, sitting in a chair all day in silence, and desiring nothing but to be left alone. After a while the lethargy changed into a restlessness, and he must needs be up and doing something—it mattered not what. Then the restlessness disappeared and he became again his old self, as cheerful, as sanguine, as confident, with no other change than a more settled dignity of bearing, caused by the belief, the complete delusion, that now his fortune was indeed made, that he possessed boundless wealth, and that he was going to leave London and to retire into the country, as many great merchants used to do, in order to enjoy it.

He was fully possessed with the idea that he was as wealthy as he ever desired to be. His poor brain was turned, indeed, on this point, and after a while I thought little of it, because we became accustomed to it, and because it seemed a harmless craze. Yet it was not harmless as you will hear. Indeed, even an innocent babe in arms may be made the instrument of mischief in the hands of a wicked man.

Our first visitor was Mathew Humble. He came first, he said, to pay his respects to my father. Then he began to come with great regularity. But I perceived soon, for I was no longer a child, but already a woman, that he had quite another object in view for he cast his eyes upon me in such a way as no woman can mistake. Even to look upon those eyes of his made me turn sick with loathing. Why, if this man had been another Apollo for beauty I would not have regarded him, and so far was he from an Apollo that a fat and loathsome satyr more nearly resembled him.

He was already three or four and thirty which I being 17 regarded as a very great age indeed, and most Northumbrian folk are certainly married and the fathers of children already tall before that time.

He was a man who made no friends, and lived alone with his sister Barbara. No girl at all, so far as I know, could boast of having received any attentions from him. He was supposed to care for nothing except money and strong drink. Every evening he sat by himself in the room which overlooks the river with account books before him, and drank usquebaugh. But he loved brandy as well, or Hollands or rum, or indeed anything which was strong. And being naturally short of stature he was grown fat and gross, with red hanging cheeks, which made his small eyes look smaller and more pig like, a double chin, and a nose which already told a tale of deep potations, so red and swollen was it. What girl of 17 could regard with favor—even if there were no image of a brave and comely boy already impressed upon her heart—such a man as this, a mere toadspot and a drinker? And, worst of all, a secret and solitary drinker—a gloomy drinker.

### CHAPTER VI.

#### THE LETTER AT LAST

It was strange that, about the time when Ralph's disappearance was first heard of, rumors ran about the town that perhaps the mill would turn out, after all, to be the property of Mathew Humble, that these rumors were revived at the approach of Ralph's 21st birthday, and that again when Mathew first began his approaches to me, the rumor was again circulated. By the help of the fagelman, traced these rumors to the barber, and still with his help—because every man must be shaved, and, while being shaved, must talk—I traced these to none other than Mathew himself. He had, then, some object to gain; I knew not what at the time. Later on I discovered that his design was to make it appear—should Ralph ever return—that I had taken him for a husband when I thought he was the actual master and owner of all, for I believed he allowed himself no doubt as to the result of his offers. Doth it not seem as if the uglier, the older, the less attractive a man is, whether in person or in mind, the more certain he becomes of conquering a woman's heart?

The rumor on this occasion was more certain and distinct than before. It was now stated that Mr. Embleton was discovered to have made a later will, which had been proved, and was ready to be produced if necessary; that in this will the testator, after deploring the badness of heart manifested by his nephew Ralph, devised the whole of his property to his nephew Mathew. The barber, for his part, had no doubt of the truth of this report, but those who asked Mathew whether it was true received mysterious answers, as that time would show; that in this world no one should be certain of anything; that many is the slip between eye and lip; that should an occasion arise the truth of the story would be tested, such oracles as incline the hearers to believe all that has been said—and more. Barbara, his sister, for her own part, showed great willingness to answer any

TO BE CONTINUED.

### Wanted Immediately.

300 BUSHELS OF POTATOES at the Royal Hotel.

### NOTICE

LEFT at my place, on the Edmonton Trail, one bay colt; mare. No brands, white blaze on face, near fore foot white. Followed a freighter from south side of Railway track, Calgary. Owner can have same by paying stable bill and this notice.

121-110 dw

GEO. KENLEY.

### FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.

A BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRY, PLANT complete. Also machinery of all kinds, Engines and boilers all sizes. We would be pleased to correspond with anyone wishing to be interested in the foundry business.

P. & G. BROADBENT, H.B. Brokers, Hamilton.

### FIREWOOD.

\$1 per cord, delivered, \$2.25 per half cord, delivered, \$3.50 a car (12 cords more or less delivered).

PETIT & MCINNELL, Agents Calgary Lumber Company.

### LECTURE

#### ON ROBERT BURNS

Will be given in the Methodist Church, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, on

St. Andrews Eve, the 29th November,

BY DR. W. B. CAMPBELL.

With Musical Illustration under the direction of A. G. Crane.

TICKETS 5 c.; may be had of Linton Bros. or from Members of the Ladies' Aid Society.

To Commence at 8.30 o'clock.

### NOTICE.

J. W. COCKLE, having left Calgary, all orders in the Taxidermist line, will now be attended to by W. G. MACKAY, at the old stand, Stephen Avenue.

### DISSOLUTION

#### OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, under the name and style of Carson & Riley, as Harness-Makers and Saddlers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the late firm will be carried on by Mr. Andrew Carson, at the same address, Stephen Avenue Calgary. All debts owing to the partnership are to be paid to the said Andrew Carson by a cash claim against the said partnership will be settled in ordinary course.

Dated at Calgary, this 7th day of November, A. D. 1888.

Witness: ANDREW CARSON, W. L. BERNARD, WM. JAR. RILEY, Advocate, Calgary.

### THE PRETTIEST TRIP

#### In the Mountains

is from

GOLDEN TO THE COLUMBIA LAKES.

#### Steamer Duchess

OF THE

#### Kootenay Mail Line

Leaves Golden every Monday and Thursday noon, returning Wednesday and Saturday to catch the train from the West.

Fare for the round trip \$6, cabin and meals extra.

T. P. ARMSTRONG, Captain. Golden, July 24, 88.

### WATER!

#### WATER!

#### WATER!!

#### H. BLOOMFIELD,

### PLUMBER HYDRAULIC AND SANITARY ENGINEER

STEPHEN AVENUE WEST

Begs to call attention to his system of

### TUBE

### WELLS

The only means of ensuring a good supply of pure water.

Testimonials from the following gentlemen:—The Hgt. Hon. Judge Rouleau, H. A. L. Dundas Esq., J. P. Jephson, Esq., The Calgary Public School, Messrs Child and Wilson, Architects, Messrs McCookie and Kemp, Architects, Rev. J. F. Betts A. Kennedy, Esq., contractor for the new barracks, and others.

Pumps of Every Description Fixed and Repaired.

Send your Printing to the Herald

# FURS.

Our Stock of Furs is now Complete and Comprises a Splendid Assortment

## Caps, Gauntlets, Muffs, Boas, Capes,

Ladies' and Gents' Fur Coats, Fur Collars and Cuffs, Etc.,

These Goods have been selected from the most reliable Furriers of the Dominion and are first-class in every respect at Much Lower Prices than formerly.

Our Importations of Ladies' and Gents'

### NATURAL WOOL UNDERWARE,

have been very large this season and particularly successful. Scotch Lamb's Wool Underware for \$2.50 a suit.

Lined and Unlined Buckskin Gloves and Mitts, Mocassins and Overshoes.

### READY-MADE CLOTHING.

### BOOTS AND SHOES.

### THE LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE

## RANKIN & ALLAN.

# Clearing out Sale.

20 per cent. under Cost Prices.

In Order to close out the balance of our

## Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

Crockery and Glassware,

We will sell these lines at

## 20 PER CENT. UNDER MONTREAL PRICES.

Special Fine Lot of Boys' Suits and Over Coats; also Misses' Boots and Slippers,

And Men's Fine Laced Boots and Slippers.

Come and get Bargains before all these Goods are sold as it is our intention to sell all within 30 days.

## A. Ferland & Co.



# CALGARY DIOCESE.

In view of the matters of general interest to our readers throughout the diocese touched upon by His Lordship Bishop Pinkham, in his sermon in the Church of the Redeemer last Sunday, the Herald today publishes the following extracts from an address in report of His Lordship's sermon by Mr. Thomas R. DuCanon.

"Some of you know that I had a feeling of uncertainty as to whether the claim upon me in this great jurisdiction to which God had called me, were not of a moribund nature, then going to the English Lambeth Conference, yet, I am glad to report, not only for the substantial aid and sympathy I received, but I also received a great stimulus and encouragement from those services and meetings, and the opportunities I had of meeting God's people. Nobody would wish other than that he might have been there, and I regretted to the full that it is something to thank God for all the days of my life.

"From the very Sunday after our arrival, we were very much in the hands of those great societies which help us in our work, not only in these two dioceses, but throughout the province.

"We owe a deep debt of gratitude to those societies for their help, we need to do everything in our power to encourage that help, without any reference to the distinct views entertained by their promoters or their standing influence.

"I did with all my heart work for these societies, for the propagation of the gospel, the Colonial and Continental Church Society, and that great sister society, the Church Missionary Society.

"The result was that there was not a single Sunday in which we were not fully engaged, and a good many weeks, days, in pleading the cause of these societies. I did my best to secure help for some of the special things which I felt it my duty to bring before my friends in England, although I had very little time to put in a public way, yet I was very successful in securing about two thousand dollars for the See House to build here, whenever we have money enough to build it.

"I secured from the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge 250 pounds for the clergy endowment fund for my diocese and the diocese of Saskatchewan. This was really due to us, but there was a hitch about securing it, the reason being not anything which the diocese of Saskatchewan was failed to do, but of a difference of opinion about the wording of a certain resolution. I secured 150 pounds to establish high schools in Calgary.

"I was determined to secure 400 pounds for general work in the two dioceses, and I got the Colonial and Continental Church Society, which gives 150 pounds a year for two clergymen, to promise a grant to the diocese of Calgary. In all I secured 445 pounds for miscellaneous work. So you will feel, I strove to do what I could to bring our needs before our friends in England and I received the greatest possible sympathy, was taken by the hand and had friends raised up for me, who were most kind and helpful; for instance, when in Manchester, where I was delightfully entertained by my kind friends, on the day I left, my host said before breakfast, 'I will give you 50 pounds if you will take it,' and I had never said a word to him about the special things I had been pleading for. The same occurred at Dorking, where I spent my last Sunday in England. On Sunday evening I spoke in behalf of the S. P. G. in the parish church at Dorking, and the morning I left, my host presented me with a cheque for 50 pounds, and the offertory of the church amounted to ten pounds.

"Then, not the least pleasure I had, was the meeting with persons who had friends out here, and who were delighted to meet one who was able to give them accurate information.

"I shall never forget one particular interview I had with a lady, who was so gratified with the information I gave her that she burst into tears.

"This part of the world is receiving a great deal of attention from the people of England, I am sure a large number of the English people intend to settle here, and we, whose lot is cast in this part of the world should not forget that we are here, not merely to make money and build up a name for ourselves, but also to praise and glorify God; and grow in grace and knowledge; that in us and those over whom we have influence wherever they are, the peace of Christ in all its richness and fullness may dwell and rest, and enable us to build up monuments of God's mercy and love and help us to show forth the truth, not only with our lips, but in our lives. Let every one of us from the Bishop down, to the least influential member of the church of England, realize our duties before God, be united together with one heart and one soul, no matter what our private views may be, and build up such institutions in connection with the Church of England upon which God's smile may rest and dwell and be honored and praised in this land; that the generations who come to build on our foundations will be able to say 'We have done wisely and well, and go on invoking the aid and blessing of God, who alone can give a base

to the superstructure; that God's name may be honored and magnified that it may be said that 'those men in the earlier days recognized their duty before God and strove with might and main under every circumstance to praise and glorify His Holy Name.

## CALGARY DAILY HERALD.

The Oldest and Best Daily Newspaper in the Northwest Territories.

Published at Calgary, Alberta, every evening except Sundays, at half past five o'clock, by the Herald Publishing Comp.

Contains all the Latest News of the day, Home and Foreign.

All Foreign, British, American and Canadian news, up to the hour of going to press, received by Special Telegraphic Despatch. Matters of Interest discussed in a Straight-forward Consistent Manner.

Advertisements of Situations and Help Wanted inserted FREE. If you employ help this department alone would be invaluable to you.

Subscriptions 25 cents a week, \$1.00 a month, \$10.00 a year.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

S. A. RAMSAY

Manufacturer and Importer of Iron and Wood, Force and Lift

## PUMPS!

A full stock always on hand. Deep well pumps a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Stephen Av. Calgary.

## LINTON BROS. BOOKSTORE.

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Wall Hapers, Toys, Fishing Tackle, Musical Instruments, School Supplies,

Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.

Calgary, Indian and Mountain Photos. Papers, Magazines and Novels as issued. Mail orders solicited.

## The Alberta Drug Store,

JOHN FIELD, ENGLISH CHYMIST, PROPRIETOR.

Has just received his autumn consignment of Goods including the Newest Pharmaceutical Preparations, Patent Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Sponges, Soap, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Etc.

### J FIELD

Particularly draws the attention of the public to his following renowned specialties, viz:

Field's Vegetable Astringent Hair Wash

A preparation unequalled for promoting the growth of the hair.

Field's Vegetable Antiseptic Tooth Powder

For Cleansing, Preserving and Beautifying the teeth.

Field's Rheumatic Liniment

For Rheumatism, Soreness, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Sore Throat, Headache, Toothache, Etc.

Field's Compound Cough Syrup

For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough and all diseases of the throat and lungs.

Field's Tincture of Myrrh and Borax

For Preserving the Teeth and Gums.

Field's Glycerine Lotion

For Rough and Chapped Hands, composed of Glycerine with Extract of Elder Flowers and Roses and other emollients.

Field's Condition Powders

Unequalled for horses and Cattle. This powder is prepared by a special permission from the original receipt of a late eminent Veterinary Surgeon of London, England, and slightly altered to suit the climate of the Northwest. When your animal is out of condition give it a trial. It will pay you.

SPRINKLERS. A Large Assortment of the best Portable Sprinklers.

Pearl's World Famous Toilet Soap at Montreal Prices.

The Dispensing Department is replete with everything necessary to carry out a fully important branch of the business. Mr. Field having had over 30 years experience in the Compounding of Medicines. Be particular about the address, Stephen Avenue, nearly opposite the Post Office.

JOHN FIELD

ENGLISH CHYMIST, - - - STEPHEN AVENUE, CALGARY.

## Selling Out.

Lumber, Doors, Windows, and Mouldings.

## Royal City Planing Mills Co.

(LIMITED.)

Are closing out their

CALGARY YARD.

Special Bargains in Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

R. C. P. MILLS CO., Limited.

Jno. N. COFFIN, Agent

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate a company to be styled 'The Calgary, Alberta and Montana Railway Company,' for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining and operating a line of railway from the Town of Calgary in the Northwest Territory of Canada, in a southerly direction to the International boundary line between the Dominion of Canada and the United States of America, at a point in the said boundary line to be near the Rocky Mountains and the Eastern boundary of the District of Alberta with the usual powers to take, acquire lands or other necessary areas, and to acquire lands or other necessary areas or rights from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or any local Government or Municipality Corporation or person to assist in the construction of the said Railway, and to make traffic and other arrangements with other railway or other companies and all other usual and necessary powers and privileges.

E. P. DAVIS, Solicitor for applicants. Calgary, N.W.T., October 17, 1914-15

## ROYAL MAIL Line



CALGARY

AND

MACLEOD.

Commencing Oct. 5 coaches will leave Calgary on Mondays arriving at Macleod Wednesday leave Macleod on Thursdays, arriving at Calgary on Saturdays.

For passenger or express rates apply to

G. C. KING CO., CALGARY

OR

WM. B. LACK, MACLEOD.

Sign of the Big Book, Stephen Ave.

CALGARY, ALBERTA.

## S. A. RAMSAY

AGENT OF

PIANOS and ORGANS

Also the Celebrated Domestic and Standard Sewing Machines.

SOLD ON THE MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN

Full lines of all kinds of Machine Needles and Oils.

Repairing promptly attended to. Mail orders receive personal attention.



## Car Load of Apples

## A. L. Cameron & Co.

Have received 200 Barrels of Choice Canadian Apples of following varieties: For winter use Northern Spie, R. I. Greenings, Baldwins, Pippins, Beauty of Detroit, and other varieties, which will be sold

CHEAP

ALSO ON HAND FULL STOCK OF FLOUR, FEED AND GROCERIES.

270-274 11-12th

A. L. CAMERON & CO.,  
Market Bldg. at 11th and 12th Sts.

## A. CARSON

(Successor to Carson & Riley.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Saddlery Hardware

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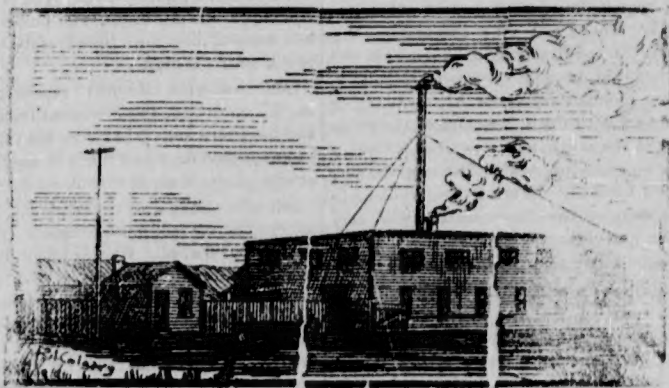
Harness, Saddles, Etc.



Large Assortment of Horse Blankets and Robes just arrived and will be sold Very Cheap for Cash. Also a Large Assortment of the Celebrated Cheyenne and Denver Saddle Tree Steel Horse and Fork. I am now prepared to turn out Saddles Cheaper and Better than ever before. Also a Large Assortment of all grades of Harness.

The Old Stand, - - - Stephen Avenue, - - - Calgary, Alta.

## THE CALGARY PLANING MILLS



Fine house Finishing and Ornamental Fences made on the shortest notice out of the best British Columbia Woods. Plans specifications and estimates for all sorts of buildings furnished. Contracts entered into and satisfactorily completed at very low prices.

W. H. CUSHING Calgary.

## BOW RIVER MILLS



THE NEW MILLS AT KANANASKIS, ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

Lumber of all Kinds, Rough and Dressed

AND THE BEST SHINGLES, LATH, LIME ETC.

JAMES WALKER, Yards at Calgary, Atlantic Ave. near the S.P.R. Depot Office, Stephen Ave. Calgary.



## THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS

Wednesday.

The Winnipeg Free Press of the 19th said: "Sir John Lester Kaye left for Calgary yesterday."

Mr. Laycock, wife and family, of Toronto, arrived from that city this morning and are now at the Royal Hotel.

Sir John Lester Kaye and Lady Kaye are stopping at the Royal Hotel, having arrived by this morning's west bound express train.

The officers for Lacombe School for the ensuing year are: Chairman, Rev. H. Leston; treasurer, A. Ferland; secretary, P. McNamara, jr.

The cold snap of weather is over and business men are seen moving round again without overcoats or gloves, enjoying the bright warm sunshine.

Mr. Wm. Burbank, formerly of the "Leader" staff at Regina, has moved with his wife to Calgary. Mr. Burbank takes a position on the Calgary Tribune staff.

At the regular Wednesday evening service at the Church of the Redeemer this evening at eight o'clock, the sermon will be preached by His Lordship Bishop Pinkham.

The masons are again at work on the Grand Hotel. Mr. A. Kennedy, the contractor, is sanguine that with 10 days of the present fine weather, he will be able to finish the stone work.

Mr. E. Watson, who has the job of laying sidewalks, is at work again with a good force of men and will push the work to completion, if the present weather holds out a short time.

A verdict of guilty was brought in against the McAbee Brothers on the charge of cattle stealing, this afternoon. Sentence was suspended until evidence as to the characters of the accused could be produced.

"Mr. D. W. Marsh, of T. C. Power & Bros., Calgary, has been requested by a large number of citizens to accept the mayoralty for the coming municipal year. After some demur he accepted their proposal and will surely be elected at the forthcoming contest. Calgary will have a good mayor anyway."—Mountain Echoes.

Private advices received in Calgary from London state that the latest ranch cattle arrivals are meeting with better sale. An average of 3s. per stone is now obtainable, equal to 51. per pound. The first shipment of 430 Northwest sheep met a fair market, with no difficulty in handling. It is believed the trial will encourage large shipments next season.

Mr. J. H. Holman, representing the old and reliable wholesale clothing house of Shorey & Co., Montreal, who went out some weeks ago on a commercial trip over the country lying between here and Edmonton, has just returned to Calgary. Mr. Holman expresses himself highly pleased with the appearance of the country to the north, and says the prospects for business are good. The crops having been excellent. During the whole trip he reports that the weather was very fine and that the thermometer had not touched zero at any time this fall.

Father Furand, of Lac la Biche, N. W. T., north of Edmonton, has written to Professor Saunders, director of the Central Experimental farm, giving the result of the sowing of Ladoga wheat in that locality. He says that samples of Ladoga were received from Ottawa three weeks after the other wheat had been put in, and the Ladoga ripened from eight to ten days ahead of the red fife. Father Furand has resided at Lac la Biche 41 years and considers if future experiments prove that Ladoga wheat seed will enable the settlers and Indians to overcome the early frost drawback, an incalculable boon will have been conferred on that section of the country.

Thursday.

Another glorious mild day, more like May than November.

Wm. Scott, the well known insurance man of Winnipeg, is registered at the Royal.

Rev. J. F. Betts will preach at the Methodist Church on Sunday evening on "Total Abstinence."

Several good coyote hunts have taken place on some of the southern ranges within the last few days.

Mr. Don Aney, of Aney Brothers, returned this morning from Anthracite with his bride, late Miss Emma Lovett. Mr. Aney has many friends who wish him all joy.

His Lordship Bishop Pinkham, of the diocese of Calgary, delivered an interesting evangelical sermon to the congregation of the church of the Redeemer last evening.

Mr. Gordon Cummings, son of the great African traveller and hunt hunter, and who himself has had no small experience in hunting the king of beasts, is in town and registered at the Royal Hotel.

The work of canvassing in connection with the municipal elections is getting along satisfactorily. By reference to Mr. Marsh's requisition published in another column, it will be noticed that dozen new names were added to the list today.

Mr. Wm. R. Hall, of the firm of Hull, Troughton & Co., of Calgary, who has been absent on a trip to England and the continent, returned to Calgary this morning, hale and hearty and warmly welcomed by many friends. There is no visible indication that he considers the young ladies of England any better than those of Calgary. There is still five weeks of leap year unexpired.

A company is applying to parliament for a charter to construct a railway from some point on the Canadian Pacific Railway at Swift Current or convenient there to and running thence in a general North-westerly direction, crossing the North Saskatchewan River at or near Edmonton to the Peace River at or near the mouth of the Smoky River. The name of the company is the Assiniboia, Edmonton and Unijiga Railway.

Friday.

As usual on Saturday, the HERALD will be issued at noon tomorrow.

Bain & Hamilton have masons at work brick veneering their huge livery stable on Atlantic avenue.

D. W. Cole, of the wholesale drug firm of Dawson, Bole & Co., Regina, is registered at the Royal Hotel.

The continued fine weather is being taken advantage of by our citizens generally, but especially those who have buildings in course of completion.

The partnership entered into between Mr. A. York and the Messrs. Baaga for carrying on a butcher's business in Vancouver has been dissolved. The business will be carried on by Mr. York.

As announced in the advertising columns, the Calgary Cattle Company is clearing out the stock of anthracite coal now on hand here at five dollars a ton. This is more like a reasonable price; but unfortunately it is only a special rate to clear out stock.

Saturday.

The Rev. John Nelson, Methodist missionary at Beaver Hills, is in town.

Mr. J. W. Molton, chief secretary of Sir John Lester Kaye, is in town, and registered at the Royal Hotel.

The shop lately occupied by J. S. Douglas as a fruit store, is being fitted up for a sitting room in connection with the Palace Hotel.

The very unusual sight of a heavy fog was noticeable over the town at sun rise, but by ten o'clock had all cleared off and the sun out as bright as summer.

There was a diminutive circus at Martin Brothers ranch last night. The proprietors had some of their town friends of the sterner sex out for a night.

Mr. Frederick Hughes representing H. R. Ives & Coy, the Montreal founders and hardware men is in town. He reports business good here and much brisker than at any place West of Winnipeg.

One of the boys was found drunk and asleep on the sidewalk, Stephen Avenue west, about 5 a. m. He was taken to the cooler and through the effect of the bracing morning air, he got lively and undertook to kick down the stove and disarrange things generally. Geo. Murdoch, J. P., thought it would be in order for the lad to contribute \$5 to the town treasury and pay costs and damages.

Monday

Hayter Reed, Indian Commissioner for the territories arrived in town this morning and is registered at the Royal Hotel.

By reference to Mr. Marsh's requisition published in another column it will be seen that several names are being daily added to it.

Judgment was delivered this afternoon in the McAbee Brothers case by Mr. Justice Wetmore. The prisoners were sentenced to one month's imprisonment each.

Mrs. Dowling, who has been living in Winnipeg for a short time past, has arrived in Calgary and is stopping with her daughter, Mrs. J. R. Costigan.

Mayor Shelton returned this morning from a business trip to Vancouver. He looks none the worse for having spent a week in that rainy climate.

An already largely signed petition to Mr. Justice Wetmore praying for clemency in the sentence on the McAbee boys is in circulation. The leading ranchers in the district are interesting themselves in the matter.

Persons interested in the establishment of a high school for girls in Calgary in connection with the Church of England are requested to meet Bishop Pinkham in the land office tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Reed, whose unfortunate death is referred to in another column was well known in Calgary. He will be remembered by those present at the Fall races as the rider of Mr. Ford's Retort.

The first of the excursions for the east leaves tonight. Among those who go east are Messrs. James Martin, Hy Brown, G. A. Eastman, A. Lucas, and W. S. Riley.

Friday next being St. Andrews Day, the day set apart for special intercession on behalf of missions, there will be services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at the Church of the Redeemer, when His Lordship Bishop Pinkham will deliver addresses on mission work in his diocese.

The Canadian Gazette, London, of Nov. 8 says: "It is with much regret that we have this week to record the death on Monday week at sea of Mr. Edwin J. Winterbottom, formerly of this city, but in recent years of Calgary. Mr. Winterbottom will be known to some of our readers in connection with his former practice as a surgeon at the West End. To an even larger circle his name will recall pleasant recollections as that of the husband of Mrs. Rose Winterbottom, whose several letters in our columns, above the signature of 'A Settler's Wife,' have proved of so much interest and value to intending settlers in the Canadian Northwest. Mrs. Winterbottom and her family will, we are sure, have the sincere sympathy of many an unknown friend in their present trial."

Tuesday.

The dinner committee of the St. Andrew's Society have made arrangements for holding the annual dinner at the Royal Hotel on Friday evening.

Her many friends in Calgary will be pleased to learn that Mrs. Fanev accompanied her mother, Mrs. Dowling, from Winnipeg and is staying with her sister, Mrs. J. R. Costigan.

Mr. Alex. McGowan, government detective, who has been absent some weeks in Manitoba in connection with the smuggling business returned to Calgary this morning.

A meeting of those interested in the establishment of a high school for girls in Calgary will be held at the land office at 8 p. m. tonight, when the Bishop of Calgary will explain what he did toward the establishment of such an institution while in England.

Rev. J. F. Betts delivered a very able sermon Sunday evening in the Methodist Church to a very large congregation, on temperance, which was listened to with great attention by the congregation.

Inspector Casey of the N. W. M. P. arrived from Edmonton this morning with two constables taking Goudeau, the half-breed charged with murder in Montana to the frontier, to deliver him to the U. S. authorities, to whom the prisoner is being surrendered under the Ashburton treaty.

The excellent choir in the Methodist Church has received several additions of late. The singing and playing on Sunday evening was specially good. As an offertory, the trio "Praise Ye" from Stilla was rendered by the leader Mr. J. S. Douglas, Mrs. Doughty and Mr. Wellicome. The anthem "Rock of Ages" was sung by the full choir in excellent style. Mr. J. S. Douglas, who has so ably led the choir for nearly five years, appeared at his best on Sunday. We understand that Mr. Douglas intends taking advantage of the C. P. R. cheap excursion to visit his friends at Hamilton Ont., where he is well known in musical circles.

The excursion to the East this morning proved quite a success as every one expected. Over twenty people availed themselves of the cheap rate. The time given to return on these excursions is 90 days and the fare from Calgary to Montreal is \$60. Those who took advantage of to-day's cheap trip were Mrs. J. E. Jacques, Miss M. Wilson, Miss Bernard, Messrs. J. S. Douglas, J. Binning, A. Lucas, Geo. A. Eastman, J. A. McKensie, S. Spafford, H. Brown, T. B. McClelland, J. Martin, D. Carter, T. Critchley, H. B. Simmons, T. Green, J. Niles. The young ladies will notice that there are quite a number of dachshers in the list.

St. Andrew's Society.

A meeting of the St. Andrew's Society was held last night in the fire hall. The following officers were appointed for the ensuing year: President, Major Walker; Vice-President, Mr. Grant Mackay; Secretary, Dr. W. B. Campbell; Chaplain, Rev. J. C. Herdman. The proceedings lasted till a late hour and gave every promise of a successful future for the society. A large and representative gathering is expected at the forthcoming annual dinner.

Business Change.

One of the best known, longest established and most extensive drug businesses west of Winnipeg, is that of Mr. S. W. Trott, now purchased by Mr. Wendall Maclean. The HERALD extends to the new proprietor a welcome and wishes him equal success as his successful predecessor. Mr. Maclean although young in years, is old in experience, having conducted a large business in Truro, Nova Scotia. He is a member of the Pharmaceutical Association of Canada. He also attended the New York School of Pharmacy and obtained his diploma there from.

## THE CITY FATHERS

Meet and Discuss a Number of Accounts.

The regular meeting of the town council took place in the council chamber at 8 o'clock Wednesday. Present, Councillors Collins, Douglas, Orr, Linton and McCallum. In the absence of the mayor, it was moved by Councillor Orr that Councillor Linton act as chairman till the return of His Worship. Carried.

A letter was read from Rev. Leo Gaetz in reference to the sum of \$10 for the cost of sending an agricultural exhibit to Calgary, which was afterwards forwarded to eastern snow.

Councillor Orr handed in a long report from the public works committee, in reference to the offers received for the supply of lumber for sidewalks, accompanied by the various written offers for the same, also the offers received for laying the sidewalks, stating that the offer of the Eau Claire Lumber Co. for lumber and that of Eugene Watson for laying walks were the best, and were consequently accepted. He also reported in favor of the payment as requested by them of \$1,500 to the Eau Claire Lumber Co., on account of material furnished, and the payment of A. Grant's account for \$116.70.

Councillor Collins, chairman of finance, reported in favor of paying the following accounts:—A. Grant, \$123.70; Rankin & Allan, \$36.00; Jacques Brothers, \$10.00; A. E. Shelton, stove and chairs, \$25.00; Braden & Baillie, printing appeal reports, \$43.20; Telegraphing account, \$1.81; Loughheed & McCarthy, taxed bill of lading, \$347.27; A. McBride, \$15.61; A. Grant, fire, water and light account, \$17.92; W. T. Ramsay, coal account, \$67.75; W. Pritchard, wheel barrow, \$10.00; Electric Lighting Co., for October, \$47.50; Linton Brothers, \$2.00; Oliver Goodman, an account of well at the final, \$40.00; Eau Claire Lumber Co., on account, \$1,500.00.

A communication was received from Messrs. Loughheed & McCarthy making a claim on behalf of Mr. R. A. Jones of \$14 for damages sustained by him from oiling of his cellar, through the removal of the banking along the side walk on Atlantic Avenue by the inspector of streets last year.

Accounts were presented from Major Walker for lumber \$104.52; Fraud Dick, lumber for porch at the police office, \$10.25; David Henderson work of team on Dewdney Street, \$29.60; W. H. Cuhnz, storm windows for the police office, \$15.

All of the accounts were referred to the proper committees.

A letter was read from H. D. Johnson, offering to sell the lots on the west side of the fire hall to the town. This was referred to the chairman of the board of works. The council then adjourned.

The meeting was the shortest regular meeting held during the present term of office.

Adam Brown, M. P., on Calgary.

Mr. Adam Brown, M. P. for Hamilton, has been interviewed by the Spectator on his Northwest trip. He had the following to say about Calgary:—"But if the progress in the eastern part of the country has been great, the west has been advancing with Brobdingnagian strides. Calgary has grown marvelously, and its buildings are mostly substantial stone structures, with plate glass fronts. The streets are lighted with electric light, and everything about the bright little town has a substantial and business like air. The architectural styles of the buildings are deserving of more than ordinary notice because it is seldom in a town that I have seen such taste displayed, both in the public buildings and residences. A few years ago this town hardly existed: now it has two daily papers, and is shortly to have gas and a system of waterworks."

St. Andrew's Society.

An enthusiastic meeting of members of the St. Andrew's Society was held on Saturday afternoon in the office of Dr. Lindsay & Campbell. Major Walker presided and delivered an animated address, setting forth the aims and objects of the society. It was unanimously resolved "that a general meeting of the society be held on Monday night at 8:30, for the purpose of enrolling new members and appointing new office bearers for the coming year." The inauguration of the new office bearers will take place at the society's annual dinner on the evening of St. Andrew's Day, Friday, Nov. 30th.

Saturday night bargains in clocks, watches, jewellery, etc., at G. E. Jacques' Stephen Avenue. Those desiring any think in Mr. Jacques' line should not forget this when doing their Saturday's shopping.

Fresh oysters at Claxton's for Thanksgiving.

A fine lot of Men's Kid, Calf and Morocco dancing shoes, which must be sold at once. Come and get a pair at 20 per cent under Montreal cost. A. FERLAND & Co.

## Calgary Loses a Good Friend.

The news has just reached Calgary of the sudden death of Mr. E. C. Carrigan, barrister, of Boston, Mass., law partner of the famous General Ben. Butler. Most of our readers will remember the notice that appeared in the HERALD on the 8th of Oct., when Mr. Carrigan visited Calgary, accompanied by Miss Hoyt, of New York. Miss G. G. Gossyle, of St. Paul, Conn., and some other persons of note. The party had visited the great exhibition held at Toronto, and seeing there the splendid exhibit of products from Calgary, determined to stay over here on their way to the coast. When they arrived they were taken in hand by Mr. R. H. Meady, who showed them the town and country around it. The whole party, but especially Mr. Carrigan, were delighted with what they saw and astonished that so little had been known to the world of so valuable a district. He was solicitor for Miss Hoyt, who belongs to one of the oldest and wealthiest families of New York, and is possessed of great wealth. They were on their way to San Francisco in connection with a law suit in which Miss Hoyt is interested to the tune of several millions. So much was this gentleman impressed with the future of this city, that he was prepared to advise his clients to invest capital here as one of the surest things that money could be put into on the continent. Having got through with their business at Friarco, they were travelling on the Denver and Rio Grande railway, between Salt Lake City and Denver on the 8th of this month, just one month after he was in Calgary, when Mr. Carrigan was suddenly cut off by a fit of apoplexy. There are general feelings of regret expressed by those in Calgary who had become aware of the interest he took in this district, when they heard of the gentleman's unexpected death.

BRIEF.

ROGERS—At Calgary, on the 23rd inst., the wife of Mr. Edwin R. Rogers, of a son.

MARRIED.

AMEY—LOVETT—At the residence of Mr. John Pickering, Anthracite, yesterday, Nov. 18, by the Rev. Mr. Methodist, Miss Emma Lovett, Anthracite, to J. A. Amey, of Amey Brothers, managers of Woodburn Ranch, Calgary.



Tenders for N. L. case to cut Timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Acting Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, and marked "Tenders for a Timber Berth," will be received at this Department until noon on Monday, the 17th of December, next, for a license to cut timber on two berths, one containing an area of 64 square miles, more or less, situate on Stony Creek, a tributary to the Beaver River, in the Province of British Columbia, and the other containing an area of 4 square miles, more or less, situate on Six Mile Creek, a tributary of the Beaver River, in the said Province.

Sketches showing the positions approximately of these berths, together with the regulations under which they will be leased, may be obtained at this Department or at the offices of the Crown Timber Agents at Winnipeg, Calgary and New Westminster.

A marked cheque, in favor of the Acting Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, for the amount of the bonus offered, must accompany the tender.

JOHN R. HALL,

Acting Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, November 13th, 1888. d-w 1

## NOTICE OF APPLICATION.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Parliament of Canada for an Act to incorporate "The Red Deer Valley Railway and Coal Company" with full powers to construct, equip and operate a line of railway from a point on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at or in the vicinity of Cheadle Station, in the Alberta district, and running in a north-easterly direction, and in part traversing the valley of the Red Deer River to the coal fields in the said valley, and also to equip, construct a branch line from some point on their main line to the town of Calgary, in the Northwest Territories or to the vicinity thereof, with power to the said company to acquire lands for coal mines, and to work and operate such mines, also with the power to construct and operate a telegraph or telephone line in connection with the said railway, and generally with all powers, rights and privileges usually granted to railway companies under charters of incorporation.

BAIN, LAIDLAW & CO.

Solicitors for Applicants. Dated at Toronto, the 14th day of November 1888.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN the goods of EDWIN JOHN WINTERBOTTOM, late of St. George's, Fish Creek, in the district of Alberta, in the Northwest Territories of Canada, deceased. Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Imperial Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, cap 23, that all persons claiming to be creditors of, or otherwise to have any claims or demands upon or affecting the estate of the said Edwin John Winterbottom, deceased, who died on or about the 22nd day of October, 1888, are hereby required on or before the 25th day of January next, to send particulars whereof in writing to the undersigned Advocate for Mrs. Rose Winterbottom, of St. George's, aforesaid, the widow, and sole Executrix named in the will of the said deceased, and to whom Probate was granted on the 10th day of November, 1888, by the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories of Canada, at Calgary, in the Northern Judicial District. And notice is hereby given that after the 25th day of January next, the assets of the said deceased will be distributed having regard to the claims then notified.

W. L. BERNARD, Solicitor for the said Executrix.

Stephen Avenue, Calgary, Alberta, N.W.T. Dated this 22nd day of Nov., 1888. 15-15

## DISSOLUTION

OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and A. J. Ellis has been dissolved, and all monies due the said firm must be paid to me. J. G. FITZGERALD.

Calgary, Nov. 27th '88. 24-dw-tto

## STRAYED.

STRAYED, ONE BAY HORSE 13 hands, 3 inches in height, branded T.L. monogram (Toussaint Lynch brand) on right shoulder and circle dot on left hip. Has white star on forehead and halter marks on nose. A suitable reward will be paid to the finder on returning the same to me.

F. DE WINTON, Brecon Ranch, Bow River